Technical Architecture Design Spec (TADS)

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| ***Institute of Systems Science, 25 Heng Mui Keng Terrace,  Singapore 119615*** | |

Version History Record

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| 1.0 | ISS/VMS | 19/03/11 | First Issue |
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# DOCUMENT OVERVIEW

This document describes the development architecture for the VMS application’s components and development patterns which will adopted. VMS system will we be used by the NGO internal staff and volunteers as a public web based application.

## Goals

The following table lists the goals for the VMS.

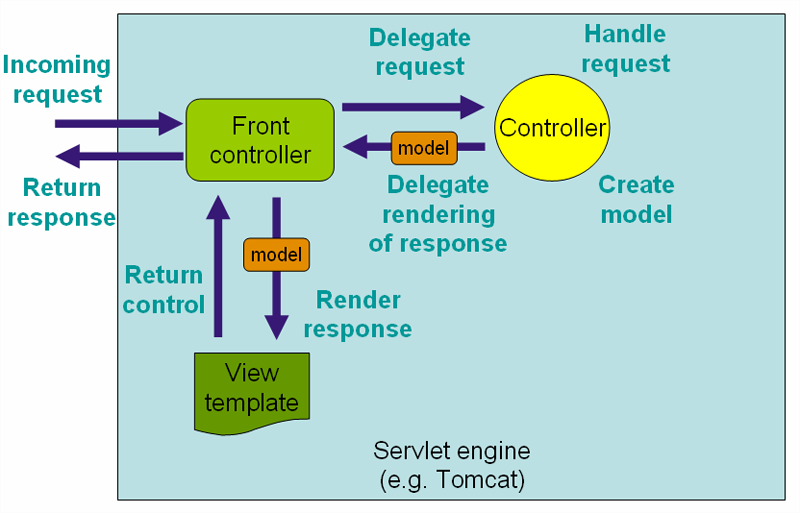
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| **Goals** | **Indicators** |
| Reliability | The system should be able to resist failure and to recover from failure with minimum loss of data. |
| Scalability | The system can be expanded to meet user loads without significant modifications. |
| Performance | The system must be able to meet the performance required for volunteers’ management operations. |
| Modularity | Changes to individual module should have minimum impact to other modules |
| Reusability | Common system components could be reused or enhanced for systems. |

# APPLICATION ARCHITECTURE DESIGN

## Technical Application Architecture Overview



### Workflow Layer in Spring Web MVC



The multi-layered design provides the following benefits:

Development by teams can be better planned, disseminated, controlled and tested because of the logical segmentation of the system.

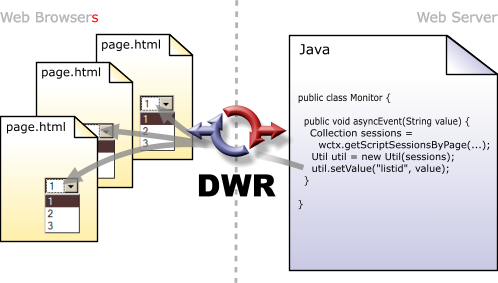
Complex problems can be broken into smaller more manageable pieces via the divide-and-conquer approach.

### Presentation Layer

The VMS presentation layer will consist of basic web interface method such as html java script and css. And it will enhance with YUI and DWR to support the user friendliness.

### DWR Architecture Overview

DWR is a RPC library which makes it easy to call Java functions from JavaScript and to call JavaScript functions from Java (a.k.a Reverse Ajax).



DWR consists of two main parts. One is the Java Servlet running of the server that process the request and sends back to the browser. And the other one is the java script running in the browser that send request and can dynamically update the web page. Server side generate value such as calendar and other data selection drop down will mainly use dwr.

<bean id=*"vmsDwr"* class=*"mtech.se1008s.service.dwr.operation.RtDwr"* >

<property name=*"manager"* ref=*"baseManager"* />

<property name=*"sessionBean"* ref=*"sessionBean"* />

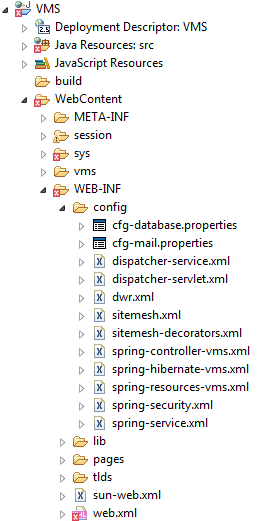
</bean>

### YUI Architecture Overview

## Application Layer Architecture Details

### Configuration

All the configuration files can be found under the WEB-INF/config as follows.



### Spring Configuration

#### spring-controller-vms.xml to configure all the business logic beans/ page beans and dwr beans

#### spring-hibernate-vms.xml to configure hibernate session factory

#### spring-security.xml to configure the spring security interceptor

### Email Configuration

Email configuration file (cfg-mail.properties) is to set email user that vms will be use to send email alert as follow.

sys.server.mail.send.host=vms.com.sg

sys.server.mail.send.username=volunteers

sys.server.mail.send.password=user123

sys.server.mail.send.port=25

sys.server.mail.receive.host=vms.com.sg

sys.server.mail.receive.username= volunteers

sys.server.mail.receive.password=user123

sys.server.mail.receive.port=110

### Database Configuration

cfg-database.properties is to configure the database connection parameters such as database url, username and password as follow. The logger will save the information into the file and file will be splitted into different file based on the file format

(“vms .log.2011-03-25.log”).

*sys.server.database.default.url=jdbc:jtds:sqlserver://127.0.0.1:1438/VMS\_FS*

sys.server.database.default.username=sys\_db

sys.server.database.default.password=

### Logger Configuration

log4j.properties file can be found under the src folder. The application log flag, log level and log location configuration can be configured.

# Direct log messages to stdout

log4j.appender.stdout=org.apache.log4j.ConsoleAppender

log4j.appender.stdout.Target=System.out

log4j.appender.stdout.layout=org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout

log4j.appender.stdout.layout.ConversionPattern=[VMS] %d [%-5p] [%t] %c.%M(%-L) | %m%n

# Root logger option

#log4j.rootLogger=INFO, stdout

log4j.logger.org.springframework=ERROR

#log4j.rootCategory=error, stdout, R

log4j.rootCategory=DEBUG, stdout, R

log4j.appender.R=org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender

log4j.appender.R.File=logs/vms.log

log4j.appender.R.MaxFileSize=10000KB

#detail log filter

log4j.logger.mtech.se1008s.service.DispatcherServlet=ERROR

### Application Exception Handler

## Database Performance

### Connection Pool

To ensure the re-use of the connection string, SQL Server (SQL authentication) mode authentication scheme will be used to login to the SQL Server database.

### Stored Procedures

Stored procedure are not advice for vms since

However, try to refrain from injecting business logic into the stored procedures so to ensure fast response time and minimal locking at the database server.

### Database Security

#### Database Connection String

The database connection string to be used to access the database server from the EBroker application server will be stored in a configuration file. This file will then be encrypted via the Enterprise Library Cryptography Application Block. As part of the Enterprise Library, the Data Application Block will decrypt this file to extract the connection string upon receiving requests to access the database server.

**Appendix**